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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.		
10/051,814	01/14/2002	Gary L. Schroeder	2336	6017		
31743	7590 11/08/2004		EXAM	EXAMINER		
GEORGIA-PACIFIC CORPORATION 1915 MARATHON AVENUE			TSOY, BLENA			
P.O. BOX 89			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
NEENAH, V	VI 54957-0899		1762			
			DATE MAILED: 11/08/2004			

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Applio	ation No.	Applicant(s)	-(
Office Action Summer		10/05	1,814	SCHROEDER ET AL.	*
	Office Action Summary	Exami	ner	Art Unit	
		Elena		1762	
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this common or Reply	unication appears on	the cover sheet wit	th the correspondence address	-
I HE - Exte after - If the - If NO - Failu - Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMU. nsions of time may be available under the provision SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this context of period for reply specified above is less than thirty of period for reply is specified above, the maximum reply to reply within the set or extended period for reply received by the Office later than three monther patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	NICATION. ons of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no mmunication. (30) days, a reply within the statutory period will apply an ply will, by statute, cause the s after the mailing date of thi	o event, however, may a re statutory minimum of thirty d will expire SIX (6) MONT	ply be timely filed (30) days will be considered timely.  HS from the mailing date of this communication.	
	Responsive to communication(s) f	ilod on 10/19/2004			
	This action is <b>FINAL</b> .		man final		
		2b) ☐ This action is			
3)[	Since this application is in conditio closed in accordance with the practice.	n for allowance exce ctice under <i>Ex parte</i>	ept for formal matte <i>Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D.	rs, prosecution as to the merits is 11, 453 O.G. 213.	
Dispositi	on of Claims				
4)🖂	Claim(s) 1-39 is/are pending in the	application.			
	4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>1-23 and</u>		wn from considera	tion.	
	Claim(s) is/are allowed.				
6)⊠	Claim(s) <u>24-33</u> is/are rejected.				
	Claim(s) is/are objected to.				
8)	Claim(s) are subject to restr	iction and/or electior	requirement.		
Applicati	on Papers				
	The specification is objected to by t				
10)	The drawing(s) filed on is/are	e: a) accepted or	b)□ objected to by	the Examiner.	
	Applicant may not request that any obj				
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including	g the correction is requ	uired if the drawing(s)	is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).	
	The oath or declaration is objected	to by the Examiner. I	Note the attached (	Office Action or form PTO-152.	
Priority u	nder 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120				
a)L	Acknowledgment is made of a clain All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority 2. Certified copies of the priority 3. Copies of the certified copies application from the Internation	/ documents have be / documents have be of the priority documents	een received. een received in App nents have been re	olication No.	
13)[_] A∈ sir 37	ee the attached detailed Office action considers and the consideration of a claim ince a specific reference was included CFR 1.78.  The translation of the foreign later and the consideration of the foreign later and the consideration of the	on for a list of the cer for domestic priority ed in the first sentend	rtified copies not re under 35 U.S.C. § ce of the specificati	119(e) (to a provisional application on or in an Application Data Sheet.	ı) :.
14)∐ Ad	cknowledgment is made of a claim terence was included in the first ser	for domestic priority	under 35 U.S.C. 88	120 and/or 121 since a specific	
Attachment(					
1) Notice	of References Cited (PTO-892)		4) Interview Sum	nmary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)	
2)  Notice 3)  Inform	of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (Fation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) F	PTO-948) Paper No(s)	5) Notice of Infor 6) Other:	mal Patent Application (PTO-152)	

Application/Control Number: 10/051,814

Art Unit: 1762

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 24-30 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Pregozen (US 5,141,803) in view of Noda et al (US 4,785,030) for the reasons of record as set forth in Paragraph No. 3 of the Office Action mailed on April 14, 2004.
- 3. Claims 31, 32 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Pregozen (US 5,141,803) in view of Noda et al (US 4,785,030), further in view of Rabasco et al (US 2002/0099113) for the reasons of record as set forth in Paragraph No. 4 of the Office Action mailed on April 14, 2004.
- 4. Claims 31, 33 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Pregozen (US 5,141,803) in view of Noda et al (US 4,785,030), further in view of Mochizuki et al (US 4,675,347) for the reasons of record as set forth in Paragraph No. 5 of the Office Action mailed on April 14, 2004.

## Response to Arguments

- 5. Applicants' arguments filed October 18, 2004 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.
- (A) Applicants argue that Pregozen clearly teaches away from the use of berlzalkonium chloride and other monomeric quats stating that they could not be used in the production of wipers as "the moistened wipes obtained had an unacceptable slippery feel which rendered them

Page 2

Application/Control Number: 10/051,814

Art Unit: 1762

unsuitable for marketing." Further, when Pregozen uses benzalkonium chloride, the concentration used is 0.038% which is far in excess of the governmental recommendation of 0.010 to 0.013% for human skin contact. Pregozen does not specify the charge of the web used nor does he suggest that some modification of his technique might be capable of applying antimicrobial action to a surface.

First of all, in contrast to Applicants' argument, the concentration of benzalkonium chloride in "slippery" wipes is <u>0.140</u> % (not 0.038%), and wipes are not used for human skin because: benzalkonium chloride is used instead of Cosmosil CQ (20 % active) (See column 7, lines 11-18) which is present in amount of 0.700 % (See column 6, lines 7), and wipes can also be used for <u>inanimate</u> surfaces, e.g. to clean, or deliver active ingredients such as sunscreens, insect repellants (See column 5, line 42-50). Clearly, if wipes should be used for human skin, they would contain far less than 0.010 to 0.013% of benzalkonium chloride as recommended by government, and then wipes would not be slippery anymore.

Secondly, it is held that PATENTS ARE RELEVANT AS PRIOR ART FOR <u>ALL</u> THEY CONTAIN. See Celeritas Technologies Ltd. v. Rockwell International Corp., 150 F.3d 1354, 1361, 47 USPQ2d 1516, 1522-23 (Fed. Cir.1998).

In contrast to Applicants' argument, that Celeritas Technologies Ltd. v. Rockwell
International Corp.cannot be used in the present case as the issue of Celeritas v. Rockwell was
anticipation, while in the present case is obviousness. However, Pregozen is also "anticipation"
because Noda et al are applied to remedy binders only not antimicrobial agents and wipes.

(B) Applicants argue that Noda et al must be looked at to remedy the deficiencies of Pregozen because Noda et al. does not deal with a nonwoven fabric, does not deal with wet wipe, does not deal with a wet wipe having specified anti-microbial activity and does not deal with the

Application/Control Number: 10/051,814

Art Unit: 1762

issue of how to incorporate an effective amount of an acceptable antimicrobial such as benzalkonillm chloride into a nonwoven wet wipe.

Pregozen teaches that <u>suitable binders</u> that employed to bind together the fibers thus ensuring that the finished nonwoven sheet has <u>adequate wet strength</u> include **styrene butadiene** polymers among many other polymers (See column 5, lines 2-8).

Noda et al are applied to show suitability of cationically modified **styrene-butadiene** latexes especially with nonionic or preferably cationic surfactants as a binder for treating cellulosic fibers to provide the <u>desired wet strength</u> by binding to negatively charged cellulosic fibers (See column 1, lines 13-18, 51-57; column 2, lines 3-25, 54-69).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have used cationically modified styrene-butadiene latexes added thereto nonionic or preferably cationic surfactants as a binder in Pregozen since Noda et al teach that cationically modified styrene-butadiene latexes especially with nonionic or preferably cationic surfactants are suitable for treating cellulosic fibers to provide the desired wet strength.

Therefore, it is not important whether bonded cellulosic fibers of Noda et al are used for making wipes or any other articles, as long as they have adequate wet strength since Pregozen teaches that any bonded cellulosic fibers having adequate wet strength can be used for making wipes.

## Conclusion

6. THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO

Art Unit: 1762

MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

7. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Elena Tsoy whose telephone number is (571) 272-1429. The examiner can normally be reached on Mo-Thur. 9:00-7:30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Shrive Beck can be reached on (571) 272-1415. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Elena Tsoy Examiner Art Unit 1762 PRIMARY EXAMINER

November 2, 2004